IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-16

Please add new claims 17,43 as follows:

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17, (New) A switch comprising:

a plurality of ports; and

a mechanism to determine which one of the plurality of ports is coupled to a destination

- 4 device and to transfer information to the destination device without use of a routing protocol.
 - 18. (New) The switch of claim 17, wherein the plurality of ports includes (i) a first plurality of ports coupled to a plurality of devices, including the destination device, associated with at least two networks, and (ii) a second plurality of ports coupled to a router.
 - 19. (New) The switch of claim 18, wherein the networks are virtual local area networks.
- 1 20. (New) The switch of claim 18, wherein the mechanism analyzes data transmitted 2 between the router and the destination device.
 - 21. (New) The switch of claim 20, wherein the data is packetized in accordance with an Address Resolution Protocol.
- 1 22. (New) The switch of claim 17, wherein the mechanism generates a table
 2 including layer two (L2) addresses and corresponding layer three (L3) addresses associated with
- 3 the destination device prior to transferring information to the destination device.

23.	(New) The switch of claim 18, wherein the destination device includes a	ı serv <i>e</i> r
associated wi	ith one of the at least two networks.	

24. (New) A switch comprising:

- a plurality of ports adapted for coupling together a plurality of networks and a router; and a mechanism to (a) analyze information transferred from a source device of a first network to a destination device of a second network, (b) store information identifying a port coupled to the second network, a layer two (L2) address of the destination device and a layer three (L3) address of the destination device, and (c) using the information to forward data between the plurality of networks.
- 25. (New) The switch of claim 24, wherein the information is obtained from packets configured in accordance with an Address Resolution Protocol.
- (i) determining both the L2 address of the destination device and the port coupled to the second network based on the L3 address of the destination device supplied by the source device, and (ii) setting a destination of packets of the data to the L2 address of the destination device.
- 27. (New) For use in transferring data from a first network to a second network via a switch interposed between a router and the first and second networks without assistance by the router, the method comprising:
- receiving a data packet by the switch, the data packet originating from a source device associated with the first network and including a layer three (L3) address of a destination device of the second network;

7	determining the L2 address associated with the L3 address of the destination device and a
8	port of the switch to which the destination device associated with the L3 address is attached; and
9	setting a destination address of the data packet to the L2 address.
1	28. (New) A network comprising:
Ø	a destination device of a first network;
3	a source device of a second network;
4	a router; and
5	a switch having a plurality of ports supporting communication to the destination device,
6	the source device and the router, the switch including software to determine which one of the
7	plurality of ports is coupled to the destination device and to transfer information from the source
, / , 8 , 8	device to the destination device without use of a routing protocol.
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;] 1	29. (New) The network of claim 28, wherein the first network is separate and distinct
2	from the second network.
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<u> </u>	30. (New) A learning internetwork switch for use in a network including a plurality
2	of local area networks, the learning internetwork switch comprising:
3	first port means for connecting to a set of local area networks;
4	second port means for connecting to a router to allow a device of a selected local area
5	network of the plurality of local area petworks to communicate with the router through a
6	transmission of packets;
7	means for inspecting control packets sent between the router and the device;
8	means for storing association data that indicates a correspondence between data link layer
9	addresses, network layer addresses, and the first port means based on information contained in
10	the control packets; and

- 32. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 31, wherein the means for storing is further configured to store data indicating a correspondence between data link layer addresses of the third port means and network layer addresses of the third port means based on information contained in the control packets.
- 33. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 30 further including a proxy forwarding mechanism for (1) detecting when a packet sent by a first device of a first local area network in the set of local area networks contains a data link layer destination address associated with the router and a network layer destination address associated with a second device of a second local area network in the set of local area networks, (2) determining the data link layer address of the second device based on the network layer address of the second device, (3) replacing in the packet the data link layer destination address associated with the router with the data link layer address associated with the second device, and (4) transmitting the packet through the port of the first set of ports to which the second device is connected.
- 34. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 30, wherein a control packet includes a packet that requests a data link layer address of a port of the router.
- 35. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 34, wherein a request packet contains a data link layer source address associated with the device sending the packet, a network

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- layer source address associated with the device sending the packet, and a network layer 3 destination address associated with the port of the router. 4 (New) The learning internetwork witch of claim 33, wherein the proxy 1 36. forwarding mechanism further (1) determines a data link layer address associated with a port of 2 the router which serves as a default gate way to the second local area network, and (2) replaces in 3 the packet the data link layer source address associated with the first device with the data link 4 layer address associated with the port of the router which serves as the default gateway to the 5 6 second local area network. (New) For use in transferring data from a first network to a second network via a 37. switch interposed between a router and the first and second networks without assistance by the router, the method comprising: receiving a data packet by the switch, the data packet originating from a source device associated with the first network and including a layer three (L3) address of a destination device 6 of the second network; determining the L2 address associated with the L3 address of the destination device and a 7 · port of the switch to which the destination device associated with the L3 address is attached; and 8 9 setting a destination address of the data packet to the L2 address. (New) The method of claim 37, wherein the first and second remarks are virtual 1 2 local area networks. (New) A learning internetwork switch for use in a network including a plurality 1 39.
- a first set of ports connecting the learning internetwork switch to a set of virtual local area networks, wherein each virtual local area network of the set of virtual local area networks is a

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of virtual local area networks, the learning internetwork switch comprising:

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- virtual local area network of the plurality of virtual local area networks that is locally attached to the learning internetwork switch;
 - a second set of ports connecting the learning internetwork switch to a router, wherein devices that belong to the virtual local area networks of the set of local area networks communicate with the router by transmitting packets through the learning internetwork switch;

a learning mechanism that inspects control packets sent between the router and the device, the learning mechanism storing association data that indicates a correspondence between data link layer addresses, network layer addresses, and the first set of ports based on information contained in the control packets; and

the learning internetwork switch using the association data to forward traffic between locally attached virtual local area networks.

- 40. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 39 further comprising a third set of ports on the router connected to the second set of ports.
- 41. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 40, wherein the leaning mechanism is further configured to store data indicating a correspondence between data link layer addresses of the third set of ports and network layer addresses of the third set of ports based on information contained in the control packets.
- 42. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 39, wherein the control packets include packets which are request packets that request a data link layer address of a port of the router.
- 43. (New) The learning internetwork switch of claim 42, wherein a request packet contains a data link layer source address associated with the device sending the packet, a network